

# Order of Operations

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Score: \_\_\_\_\_

Use the PEMDAS/BODMAS rules!

$$5 - (12 \div (-4) - 3) =$$

$$4 \times (-5) \div ((-1) \times 5) =$$

$$(2 + 1) \times 6 \div (-3) =$$

$$(-2) \times (-4) - (-6) \div 2 =$$

$$(-8) \div 2 \div (8 \div (-2)) =$$

$$-1 - 9 \div 3 \div (-3) =$$

$$-2 - (-7 + (-5)) + (-3) =$$

$$\cdot (1 - 4) \times (-8) \div 2 =$$

$$(-16) \times 2 \div (-4 - (-6)) =$$

$$-8 - 2 + 2 \times (-4) =$$

$$-6 - (-2) \times 2 \div (-4) =$$

$$(-8) \div (6 \div (3 \div 1)) =$$

# Answers

Use the PEMDAS/BODMAS rules!

$$5 - (12 \div (-4) - 3) = 11$$

$$4 \times (-5) \div ((-1) \times 5) = 4$$

$$(2 + 1) \times 6 \div (-3) = -6$$

$$(-2) \times (-4) - (-6) \div 2 = 11$$

$$(-8) \div 2 \div (8 \div (-2)) = 1$$

$$-1 - 9 \div 3 \div (-3) = 0$$

$$-2 - (-7 + (-5)) + (-3) = 7$$

$$\cdot (1 - 4) \times (-8) \div 2 = 12$$

$$(-16) \times 2 \div (-4 - (-6)) = -16$$

$$-8 - 2 + 2 \times (-4) = -18$$

$$-6 - (-2) \times 2 \div (-4) = -7$$

$$(-8) \div (6 \div (3 \div 1)) = -4$$