

Order of Operations with Exponents

Name: _____ Score: _____

Use the BODMAS rules and solve the following equations.

$$2 \times 4^2 + 35 \div 5 =$$

$$8^3 \times 2 - 7^3 \div 7 =$$

$$10 - 15 \div 5 + 2^3 \times 5 =$$

$$125 - 2 \times 5^2 + 20 =$$

$$(3^2 + 11) \times 2 - 25 =$$

$$150 \div (5^3 - 75) + 3^2 =$$

$$-3^2 \times (18 - 15) + 37 =$$

$$40 + 16 \div 2^5 \times 2 =$$

$$50 - 3 \times 12^2 \div 24 =$$

$$(2^2 + 16) \times 2 - 40 =$$

$$8^2 \times (10 - 11) + 64 =$$

$$110 - 3 \times 4^3 \div 16 =$$

$$200 - 3 \times (5^3 + 25) =$$

$$2^3 \times (47 - 3^3) \div 4 =$$

$$(40 - 20) \div 5 + 2^2 \times 2 =$$

$$3 \times (2^2 + 26) \div 5 =$$

Answers

Use the BODMAS rules and solve the following equations.

$$2 \times 4^2 + 35 \div 5 = 23$$

$$8^3 \times 2 - 7^3 \div 7 = 975$$

$$10 - 15 \div 5 + 2^3 \times 5 = 47$$

$$125 - 2 \times 5^2 + 20 = 95$$

$$(3^2 + 11) \times 2 - 25 = 15$$

$$150 \div (5^3 - 75) + 3^2 = 12$$

$$-3^2 \times (18 - 15) + 37 = 10$$

$$40 + 16 \div 2^5 \times 2 = 41$$

$$50 - 3 \times 12^2 \div 24 = 32$$

$$(2^2 + 16) \times 2 - 40 = 0$$

$$8^2 \times (10 - 11) + 64 = 0$$

$$110 - 3 \times 4^3 \div 16 = 98$$

$$200 - 3 \times (5^3 + 25) = -250$$

$$2^3 \times (47 - 3^3) \div 4 = 40$$

$$(40 - 20) \div 5 + 2^2 \times 2 = 12$$

$$3 \times (2^2 + 26) \div 5 = 18$$