

Order of Operations

Name: _____ Score: _____

Use the PEMDAS/BODMAS rules!

$$(-4 + 6 \div 2) \div (6 - 5) =$$

$$(-2 - (-6)) \div 2 \times 3 \div 6 =$$

$$3 + (-3) + (-3) - (-8 - 2) =$$

$$5 + 2 \times (-2 + 2) \times (-4) =$$

$$(-5 + 1) \div 2 \times (-1) \times (-3) =$$

$$2 + 1 \times (-3 + 2) \times (-3) =$$

$$2 \times 3 \div 3 + (-1) \times 2 =$$

$$(-6) \times 2 \div (12 \times 1 \div 2) =$$

$$6 - 4 + (-6) - 6 \div (-2) =$$

$$2 \times 2 + (-5) + 6 - (-2) =$$

$$-5 - (-6) + 2 \times (-2) \div 4 =$$

$$(6 - 2) \times (-2) \div 2 \times 2 =$$

Answers

Use the PEMDAS/BODMAS rules!

$$(-4 + 6 \div 2) \div (6 - 5) = -1$$

$$(-2 - (-6)) \div 2 \times 3 \div 6 = 1$$

$$3 + (-3) + (-3) - (-8 - 2) = 7$$

$$5 + 2 \times (-2 + 2) \times (-4) = 5$$

$$(-5 + 1) \div 2 \times (-1) \times (-3) = -6$$

$$2 + 1 \times (-3 + 2) \times (-3) = 5$$

$$2 \times 3 \div 3 + (-1) \times 2 = 0$$

$$(-6) \times 2 \div (12 \times 1 \div 2) = -2$$

$$6 - 4 + (-6) - 6 \div (-2) = -1$$

$$2 \times 2 + (-5) + 6 - (-2) = 7$$

$$-5 - (-6) + 2 \times (-2) \div 4 = 0$$

$$(6 - 2) \times (-2) \div 2 \times 2 = -8$$